

Don't Lose Your Dog!

New Home Tips for Fosters and Adopters – Keep your New Pet Safe

Thank you for fostering or adopting a new dog – **did you know that many dogs who arrive in a new environment are lost within the first 48 hours of arriving in their new home?** Transitions to a new place are scary and confusing for a dog and their instinct is often to look for a way to run or escape. **Please review this information with everyone in your household, children, visitors, landscapers, etc.**



New things, people and places are scary

Your dog may have fears that seem irrational and even “silly”, but the simplest of things can cause extreme panic and fear in a rescued dog. Certain sounds, smells, or sights can trigger an immediate fight-or-flight response. Some dogs may have had negative experiences with these items, or they may have simply never experienced them before; therefore, treat them as if these experiences are all new and could be scary! Common triggers include:

- Sounds (*the sounds of children playing, television, sirens, fireworks, kitchen appliances, snapping a trash bag open, shaking out laundry, wind, thunder and lightning are common triggers*)
- Unfamiliar items (*people wearing hats; sunglasses; using canes or walkers; carrying objects like rakes or baseball bats*)

Some dogs won't grow out of these fears quickly – it often takes months or years of slow, methodical and gentle desensitization for the dog to become less sensitive and reactive to these triggers.

Sometimes being alone is more comfortable than being with people

Some rescue dogs will often seek out a quiet spot where they can get away from everything and may always find comfort in having a private area. Allow your rescue dog to have his/her space (under a table, in a bathroom), at least for the first few weeks, and allow him to come out when he is more comfortable. Sit at a distance, call him softly and try enticing him with a yummy treat.

Do not force yourself on the dog – close contact can be very scary at first. Make sure children know this too and allow your dog to keep his distance. If and when he does approach you, respond with “calm energy” and pet the dog, but don't immediately expect your dog to cuddle, play ball or jump in your lap. It's always best to wait and allow a shy or skittish dog to approach you first.

Cornering a shy or nervous dog can frighten them which might, while not common, cause the dog to snap at you or a child out of fear; it's important to go slow and proceed at a pace that is comfortable for the dog. Your dog may initially bond with only ONE person – this is normal and doesn't mean the other people have done anything wrong, or that the dog doesn't “like” them!

We don't always know why certain dogs are fearful or skittish



Don't assume a shy dog was abused – in many cases, your dog may have just had limited interaction with people – they simply don't know how to be “pets”. Or, perhaps they were lost and on their own for a while and will just need time to learn to relax again. Some may have never been part of a loving family. As a result, some of them have never even seen a leash before! Make sure collars are very snug and be sure to loosen them slightly as your dog grows in size. And never tug on a leash – ask your rescue organization how to slowly teach a dog not to be scared of a leash, a little at a time.

New rescue dogs, especially shy and skittish dogs, will run away when scared or startled!!

This urge to run when scared can last weeks, months or longer. For this reason, please take extreme precautions to make sure your new family member cannot escape their home, yard, or car:

1. Is your fence dig-proof and jump-proof (including balconies)? Make sure there are no objects within 2' of the fence; dogs will use these items to get up and over fences. Newly adopted rescue dogs should not be left alone on a balcony or in a back yard for at LEAST a month. Give them time to get comfortable and feel safe in their new home.
2. Lock all gates with a padlock to prevent wind, children or landscapers from opening while your dog is in the yard.
3. If service providers will be entering your home or yard, we strongly recommend keeping your dog crated (or in a secure room with the door closed) while strangers are moving about. Many people are not used to being careful with doors and gates.



4. When inside the home, we strongly recommend using a minimum of TWO BARRIERS between the dog and the outside world at all times. This could be:
 - a. A garage door, then a laundry room door
 - b. A front door, with the dog behind a baby gate in another room (baby gates should be sturdy; always observe a dog closely around a baby gate first to make sure he can't jump on it and knock it over, or jump over it).



Beware of securing a dog inside a room with an open window, with only a screen. Nervous dogs will push the screen out very easily and escape through the window. Remember, their fears are not rational but they are very real.

Whenever a family member is about to leave the home, first check all doors and gates to make sure they are secure, and know where your dog is physically before leaving to make sure she doesn't accidentally escape.

5. Many pets go missing when visitors come to the home. Keep your dog in a separate room, or on a leash, under your control, while having visitors over and ask them all to be careful with closing doors immediately behind them.
6. **Don't take your dog on walks, to dog parks or cafes, or take them off your property for any reason other than for veterinary care for a minimum of one month after arriving in the new home.** They should become familiar with their home location through sight and smell, before risking an off-site trip. If you live in an apartment and must walk your dog for potty breaks, follow the other recommendations below.

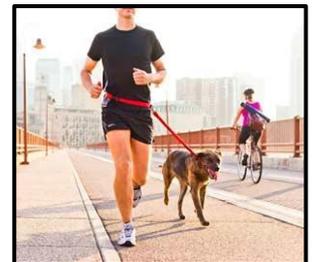
7. ALWAYS keep a collar and current ID tag on your dog, 24/7, in case your dog tragically escapes.



8. When the dog IS taken away from home, use a properly-fitted Martingale collar (see illustration) which does not allow a dog to back out, as a SECOND collar – keep this special collar attached to the leash at all times after removing from the dog. Check collar fit while walking on leash inside your home or in your back yard first!!

9. Only adults should handle the leash – never children under 16 – and the handler should remain alert at all times.

10. We strongly recommend threading the “handle” of the leash through a securely clipped “waist leash” or securely-clipped belt (see illustration) so that if the handler becomes distracted or inadvertently drops the leash, the dog will still be attached to the person.



11. Never “tie out” a dog in your front yard, while camping, at a coffee shop, etc. – nervous dogs can chew through most leashes in seconds if they are frightened.

12. When transporting your dog in a car, we strongly recommend:



OPTION 1: Transport in a dog crate, with leash and Martingale collar attached. This is the safest and best choice! Make sure the gate is securely closed each time.

OPTION 2: If a crate is not possible, then ideally two people should be in the car with the dog, one driving and the other holding the leash.

OPTION 3: If the above options are not possible, then attach your dog's leash to her collar and leave about 12" dangling out the top of a ROLLED-UP window when the car door is shut. You can then get out of the car, close your door, walk to the door closest to your dog, grab the end of the leash firmly, and then open the door for your dog. Be ready for them to quickly jump out!

Make proper arrangements for your dog's care in your absence

When you will be away, carefully choose who will care for your dog to make sure she is kept safe. Pet sitters, even “professional” ones, lose people's pets often! Beware of using friends, adult children, untrained individuals, or people you've only met online or on a dog walking app to care for a rescued or shy dog while you are away. Many dogs try to escape because they can't find you.

We suggest using a professional boarding facility for your rescued or skittish dog when you will be away overnight or longer; but first, please first tour the facility to assure that the fencing and walls are escape proof, double gated and the staff are well-trained and compassionate.

Your dog is dependent on you to keep her safe! If for any reason your dog gets out and becomes lost despite these efforts, notify your rescue organization IMMEDIATELY and visit www.azhantt.org for lost dog recovery tips.